ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON POVERTY REDUCTION LEADING TO CANADA'S FIRST POVERTY REDUCTION STRATEGY

OMSSA Convention Presentation John Stapleton & Bee Lee Soh Members May 29, 2018

Order of Presentation

- 1. Canada's income security system:
 - Programs and Proportionality
- 2. Who is living in poverty? A closer look
- 3. The Poverty Reduction Advisory Committee
- 4. A matrix of considerations
- 5. A lived experience perspective

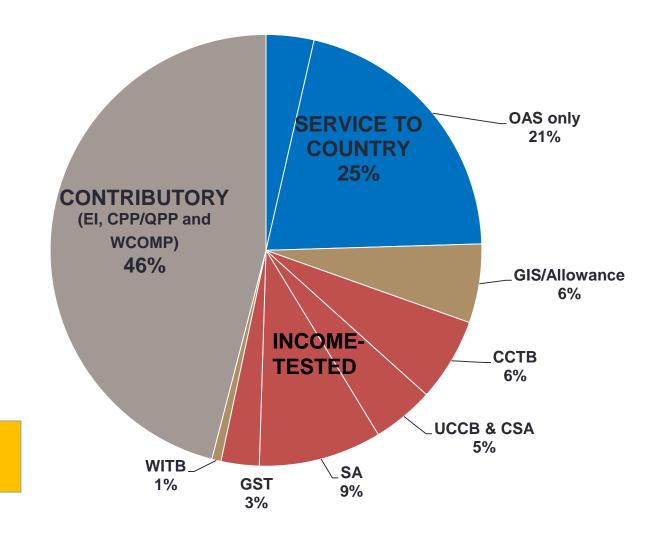
PROGRAMS AND PROPORTIONALITY

1. Canada's Income Security System

Canada's Income Security System

- Now pays out \$170 billion (\$153 billion in 2013)
- 8.5% of GDP (\$2.0 trillion economy)
- \$45 billion extra (conservatively needed to take all Canadians out of poverty.
- -\$170 + \$45 = \$215 billion
- Up to11.5% of GDP
- 2.5 to 3.0 percentage points additional

Canada: Estimated Income Security Program Spending by Program Philosophy 2015-16 (\$168 B)



Sources: CANSIM table 380-0080

Canada's Income Security System

Canada's Income Security System - Proportionality						
Target Group	Percent of Population	Share of Income Security System	Difference			
Aged	16.5%	52%	+35.5%			
Children	19.3%	9%	-10.3%			
Working age adults	64.2%	38%	-26.2%			

A CLOSER LOOK AT WHO LIVES IN POVERTY

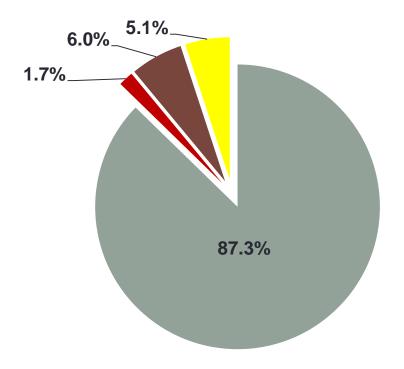
2. Who is living in poverty?

Who is living in poverty?

- 12.7% to 13.7% of Canadians
- 1.7% to 2%+ of all Canadians are seniors living in poverty (about 10% of all seniors – 13.3% of poor)
- 5.1% of all Canadians are recipients of social assistance
 about 40% of the poor
- 6.0 % to 6.7% of Canadians are non-elderly, working age, mostly working poor – 47% (+/-) of poor

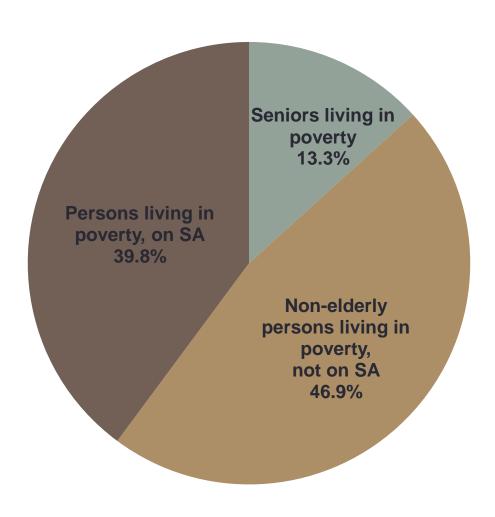
CANADA'S POPULATION: PERSONS LIVING IN POVERTY PERCENTAGE WHO ARE NON-ELDERLY, SENIORS AND ON SA 2014

(Based on after-tax LIM)

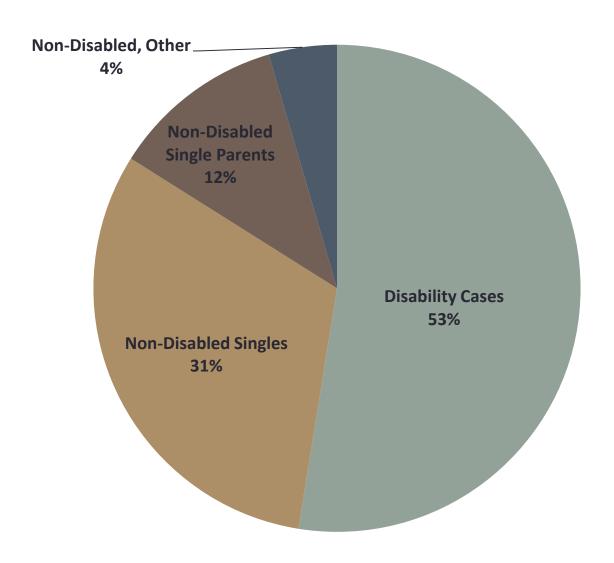


- Not living in poverty
- Seniors living in poverty
- Non-elderly persons living in poverty, not on SA
- Persons living in poverty, on SA

SOCIAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS AND SENIORS AS A PERCENTAGE OF THOSE LIVING IN POVERY IN CANADA, 2014 (Based on after-tax LIM)

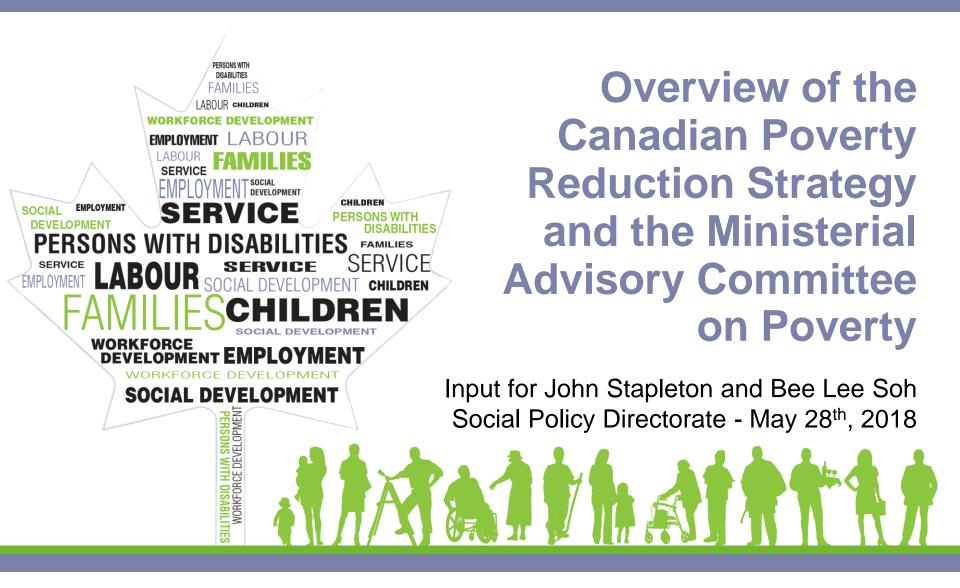


SA CASES BY CHARACTERISTICS CANADA, MARCH 2015



POVERTY REDUCTION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Federal Minister Hon. Jean-Yves Duclos







The Canadian Poverty Reduction Strategy – A Historic Initiative Still **Under Development**

- The Honourable Jean-Yves Duclos, Minister of Families, Children and Social Development, is mandated to develop a Canadian Poverty Reduction Strategy that will set targets to reduce poverty, measure and report publicly on progress, and align with and support existing provincial/territorial and municipal strategies.
- The Canadian Poverty Reduction Strategy is in development and will be released in 2018.



ENGAGEMENT



Engaging with Canadians

- **Consultation began in February 2017**. The ideas and stories shared are helping to inform the development of the Strategy.
- To reflect a diversity of needs and approaches, the Government of Canada:
 - consulted with Canadians across the country on poverty reduction through many in-person events, and an online platform for the general public and stakeholders to share views, analysis, policy ideas and survey responses;
 - established a Ministerial Advisory Committee on Poverty through an open call for nominations to select leaders, practitioners, experts and persons with lived experience of poverty; and
 - created the Tackling Poverty Together project an in-depth case study in six communities across Canada.
 - Ran the #ReducePoverty youth contest in which young Canadians could submit their innovative ideas on how to reduce poverty and improve the wellbeing of Canadian with low incomes.





Engaging with Canadians (cont'd)

- Engagement culminated with the National Poverty
 Conference, held in Ottawa in September 2017. During
 the event, key stakeholders participated in further
 roundtable discussions, and the final findings of the
 Tackling Poverty Project were presented. Winners of the
 #ReducePoverty contest were also announced.
- A "What we heard about poverty so far" report was released on February 20th, 2018 by Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC). It summarizes the diverse viewpoints heard during the consultations.





Three major themes emerged from engagement

• • • (as reported in the What We Heard About Poverty So Far Report)

- BASIC NEEDS Inability to access basic needs, such as food, housing, or healthcare
- **INCLUSION & OPPORTUNITY** Challenges with moving up the income ladder and feeling socially included
- RESILIENCE & INCOME SECURITY Risks of slipping into poverty and challenges in facing difficult life events
- And the experiences of First Nations, Inuit and Métis People were also a key concern of participants during engagement







ENGAGING WITH CANADIANS



ONLINE



Youth Contest #ReducePoverty in Canada



National Poverty Conference (September 27-28, 2018)

Release of What We Heard Report (February 20, 2018)

THE MINISTERIAL **ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON POVERTY**





The Ministerial Advisory Committee on Poverty

- To support the development of the Canadian Poverty Reduction Strategy, the Government of Canada created a Ministerial Advisory Committee on Poverty.
- A public call for nominations was held from February 13, 2017 to March 27, 2017 inviting select leaders, practitioners, experts and persons with lived experience of poverty to apply to become a member.
- The Committee will operate for a period of one year (from September 1st, 2017 to September 1st, 2018).





Scope of the Committee's Work

- A forum to facilitate in-depth discussion on issues related to poverty reduction.
- It supports the Minister by:
 - being a sounding board to test and discuss ideas on poverty reduction generated via the public engagement process;
 - recommending priority areas of action for the Strategy;
 - identifying innovative approaches to poverty reduction;
 and
 - offering advice on how to align the objectives of the Strategy with other government priorities.



The Advisory Committee on Poverty

Membership

- Chosen from over 400 nominations from across Canada and internationally, the Advisory Committee members have varied backgrounds including academia, service delivery, business and international expertise on poverty, as well as individuals with a personal experience with poverty.
- The 17 Advisory Committee members are also representative of Canada's diversity in terms of gender, ethnicity, regions and official languages.



Members

- 1. Bee Lee Soh (Scarborough North, Ontario)
- **Brenda Murphy** (Grand Bay- Westfield, New Brunswick)
- 3. **Brock Carlton** (Ottawa, Ontario)
- Catherine Ludgate (Vancouver, British Columbia)
- 5. Carole Richer (Dolbeau-Mistassini, Québec)
- Carlos Beals (Dartmouth, Nova Scotia)
- 7. **Céline Bellot** (Montréal, Québec)
- **Derek Cook** (Calgary, Alberta) 8.
- 9. Éric Lapointe (Québec, Québec)
- 10. **Indivar Dutta-Gupta** (Washington, DC)
- 11. **John Stapleton** (Scarborough, Ontario)
- 12. **Joseph J. Amos** (Inuvik, Northwest Territories)
- 13. Lanna Many Grey Horses (Vancouver, British Columbia)
- Louise Simbandumwe (Winnipeg, Manitoba) 14.
- 15. Munir Sheikh (Ottawa, Ontario)
- 16. Nahid Aboumansour (Montréal, Québec)
- **17.** Richard Reeves (Washington, DC)





Three Working Groups

- In order to develop their advice, Committee members agreed to organize themselves into working groups based on the three areas mentioned in the report: "Canadian Poverty Reduction Strategy -What we heard about poverty so far": (1) meeting basic needs; (2) inclusion and opportunity; and (3) resilience and income security.
- On May 23rd-24th, 2018, the members came together to consolidate their ideas and advice and to present it to the Minister.
- The Committee's advice to Minister Duclos is considered policy advice, which the Department treats as confidential and can not be discussed outside the Committee.





Policy matrix for poverty reduction: Advisory Committee							
Three Pillars	Question 1: Whole of Government?	Question 2: Dashboards	Question 3: Targets	Question 4: Public Accountability			
1. Meeting Basic Needs Many Canadians struggle with having enough to provide for their basic needs. Some people have to sacrifice some things because of the high cost of basic living.	 All levels of government Social assistance Working poor Programs for the aged Others falling between cracks \$\$\$/services 	 Poverty measures for basic needs MBMs LIMs Deprivation indices Hybrids such as a 'LIMified' MBM 	 Start date? 25 in 5 Half in ten Eliminate by 20-40 Fixed or moving standards Update standards 	 Reporting to Canadians Yearly updates Existing or new Secretariats or agencies of government Existing or new Officer of parliament Library of parliament role. Conferences Civil society think tank on dashboards and targets exposing innovations and best practices SSHRC role Academics Practitioners 			
2.Inclusion and Opportunity Some Canadians are finding it difficult to find opportunities for stable and well-paying work	 All levels of government Jobs, training and education strategies Workplace Volunteering 	 Unemployment & opportunity measures Jobs, training and education dashboards life course 	- Reduce exclusion & increase opportunities based on dashboards by fixed %'s				
3.Resilience and Income Security Despite hardships experienced by those living in poverty, they continue to show a great deal of resilience and courage as they face challenges.	 All levels of government Identify all programs according to policies that promote resilience or create barriers 	 Indices of well-being Health outcomes Other social indicators Resiliency 'dashboards' Socio-economic indicators 	 Improved well-being and health outcomes by fixed % Resiliency & socioeconomic fixed improvements 				

LIVED EXPERIENCE

Bee Lee Soh - Member

Bee Lee Soh – Lived Experience perspective

- Importance of perspective of low income people
- Selected Issues:
 - Auto-enrollment in tax benefits & other programs
 - Housing affordability and adequacy
 - Food security
 - Transportation
 - Information, communication & technology

NEXT STEPS



Next Steps & Release of the Poverty Reduction Strategy

- The Committee's advice to the Minister will complement the information from public engagement and will contribute to the development of the Poverty Reduction Strategy.
- The Canadian Poverty Reduction Strategy is in development and will be released in 2018.
- Substantive details about the Strategy will be available at the time of the release.



